

Maths - How to support children at home.

Monday March 4th 2019 6:30pm - 7:30pm

Aims of this session

Look at how we teach maths in school
Think about the application of maths
Consider how you can help at home
Any questions?

Why is maths so important?

The National Curriculum states that

Mathematics is a creative and highly interconnected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A highquality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world



But



Some facts

- Children's understanding of and attainment in maths in primary school can have an impact on their success at GCSE
- If children are not confident and 'fluent' with number by the end of Year 3, it will be more challenging to catch up
- Linking and noticing patterns is key to understanding maths
- The current maths curriculum focusses on fluency, reasoning and problem solving

How we teach maths in school

Concrete

Pictorial

Abstract



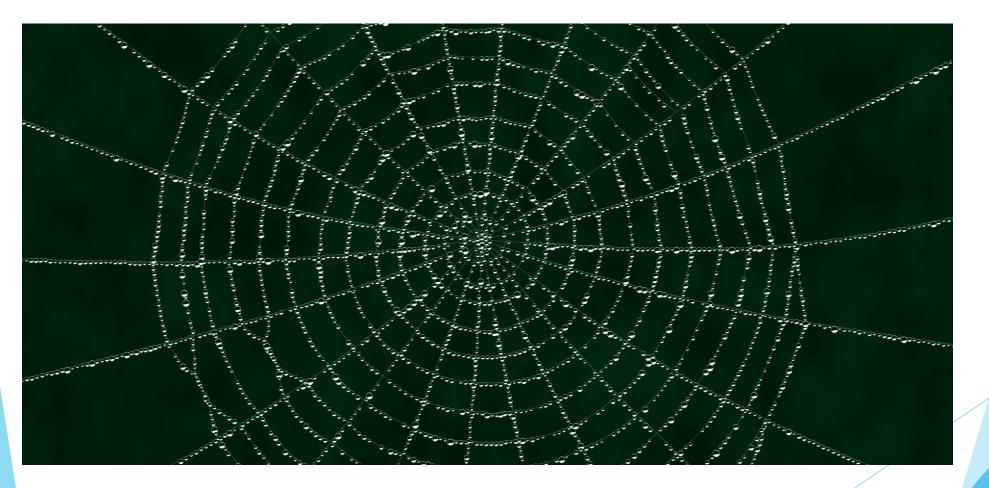
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|---|
| = |
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| |

| 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| + 0 | + 3 | +1 | + 1 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | + 2 | 1.1 | + 0 |

It is important to remember

- Children do not learn maths in a straight line, but move up and down a continuum
- Learning a new method of calculating does not mean other ways are no longer relevant
- Children should always be looking for calculations they can do mentally (at least in part)
- Based on what we know, as children get older, they can often be less willing to take risks and more reluctant to ask for help

Maths is like a web



EYFS (Early Years and Foundation Stage)

As practical as possible Develop the basics Count reliably Recognise numbers Perform simple calculations

Early learning goal – numbers

Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.





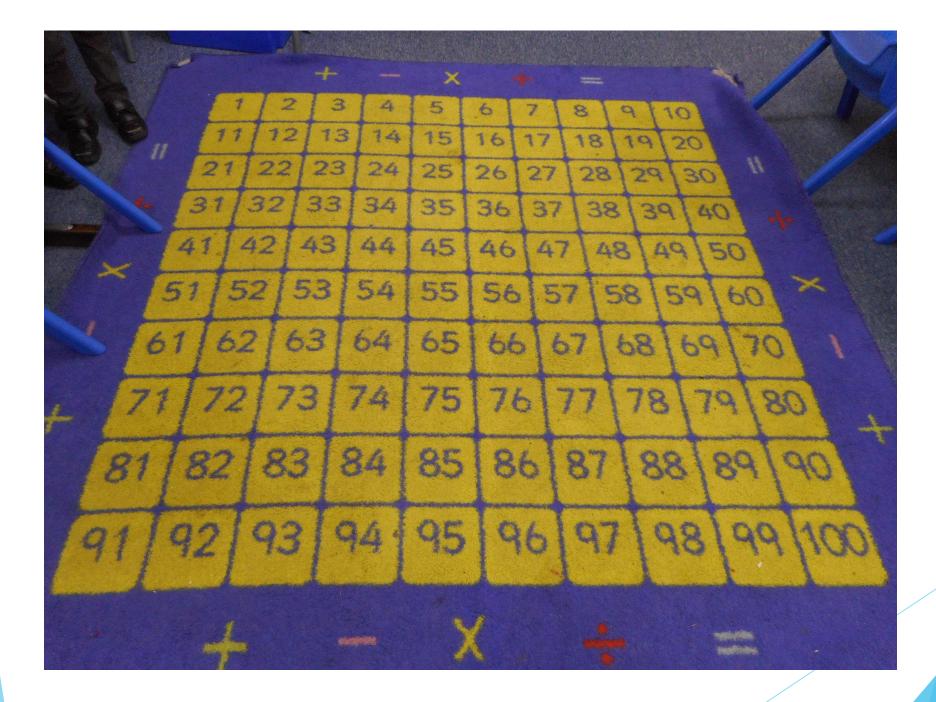


KS1 (Years 1 and 2)

Still practical whenever possible

- Focus on building a solid maths foundation - the basics
- When ready, more reasoning skills are introduced
- Challenge learning is encouraged

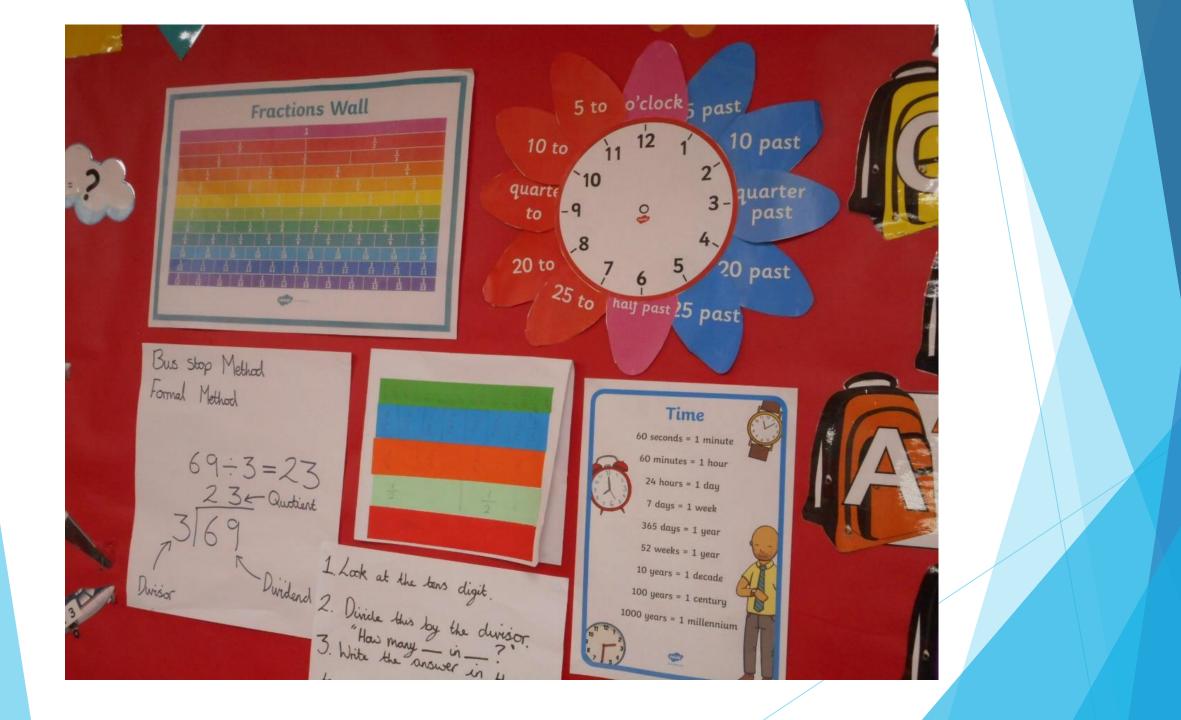
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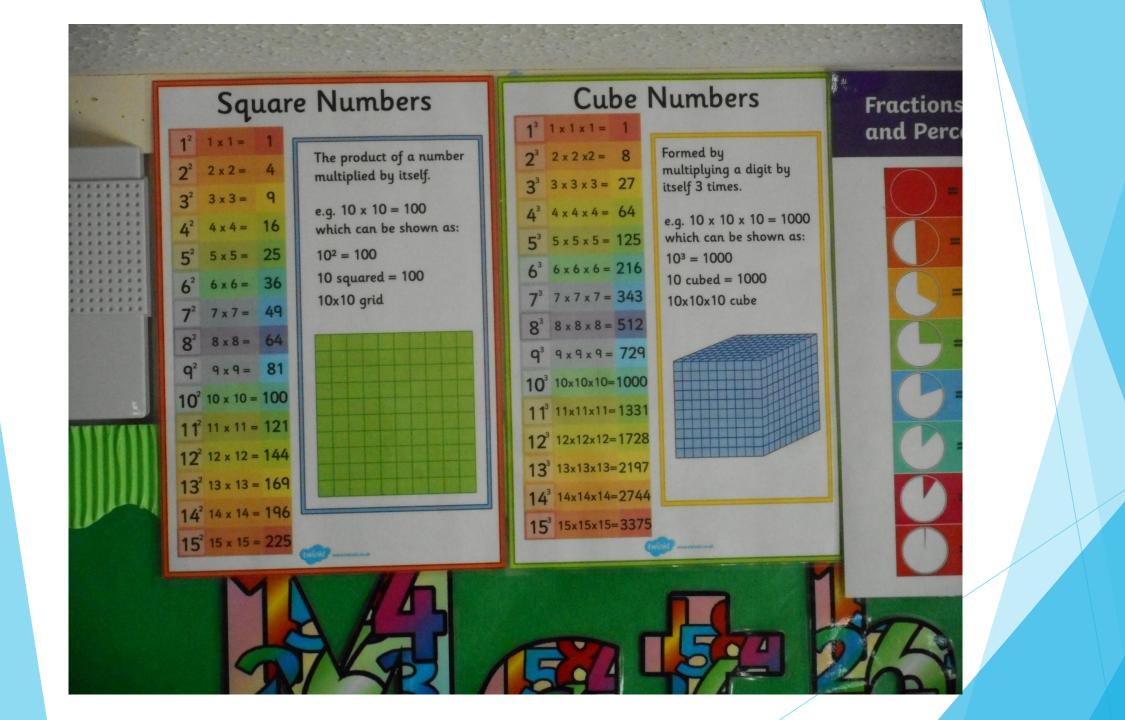


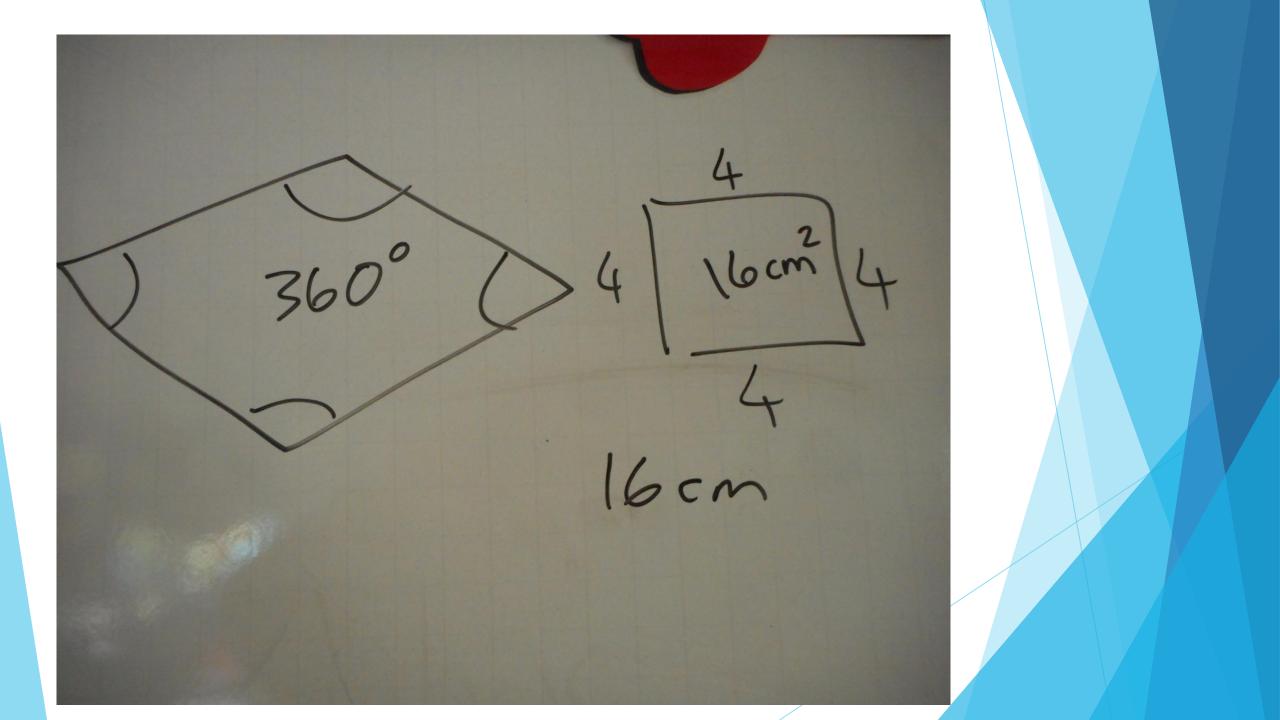


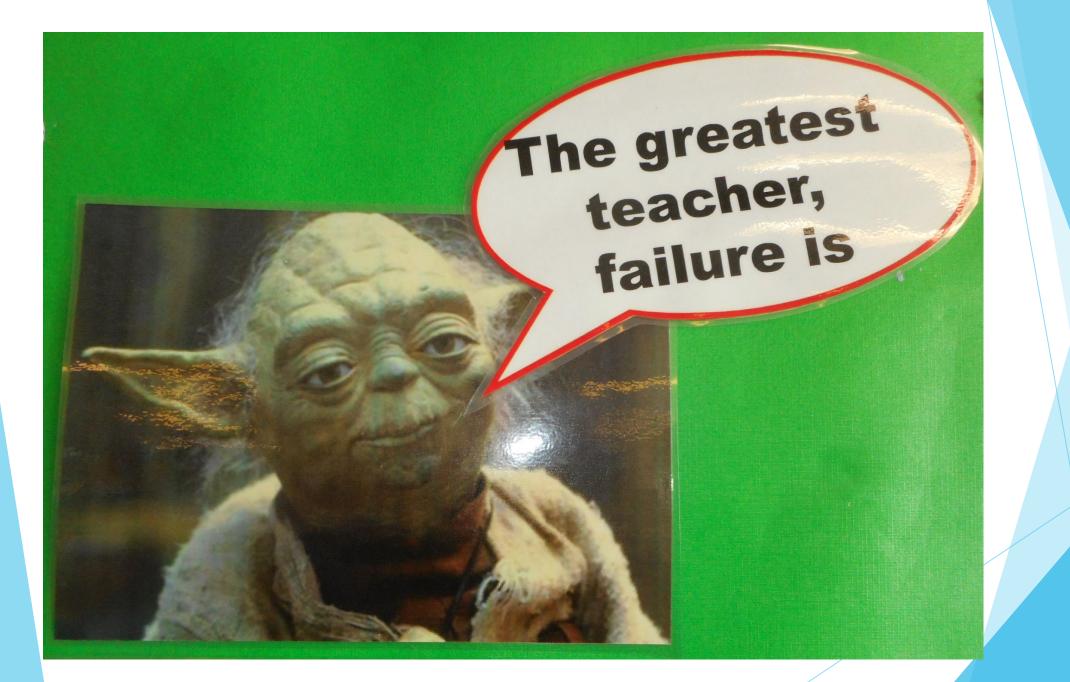
KS2 (Years 3,4,5 and 6)

- Develop more formal written methods of calculation (abstract)
- Make independent use of equipment
- Improve and consolidate reasoning and problem solving skills
- Expand understanding of mathematical concepts
- Recording thoughts and calculations on paper is encouraged









Medium term plans

- Flexible, depending on the needs of the children
- Generally start with Place Value
- ► 4 operations (+ x ÷)
- Other areas as appropriate, e.g organised to fit in with topic
- Revisit during the year as necessary

Year 1/2- Yearly Overview

| | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|--------|--|--------|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|--------|---------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| Autumn | Number: Place Value | | | | Number: Addition and Subtraction | | | Geomet | ry: Shape | pe Measuremen Money | | |
| Spring | Number: Multiplication and Division (Y1: Place Value to 50 included) | | | Division Number: Fractions Leng | | | | rement: h and ight | Mass, C | ement: apacity perature | Consolidation | |
| Summer | Year 1: Place Value within 100 Year 2: Statistics Direction | | solvir effic | Problem solving and efficient methods Measurement: Time Investigat | | | gations | Consolidation | | | | |

Year 3/4 – Yearly Overview

| _ | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|--------|---------------------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|---------|---------------|
| Autumn | Number: Place Value | | | | Number: Addition and Subtraction | | | | Numbe a | Consolidation | | |
| Spring | Multip | Number: Multiplication and Division | | rement: gth, ter and rea | Number: Fractions | | | | | r 3: Fracti r 4: Decin | | Consolidation |
| Summer | | surement: Statistics Measurement: Time Prop | | Proper | etry – ties of pes | Year 3: N Capa Year 4: I and Dir | acity Position | Consolidation | | | | |

Year 5/6 - Yearly Overview

| | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
|--------|---|----------------------|--|--------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Autumn | Number – Place Value Number – Addition and Subtraction | | | | | Place Value | | | | istics | Perime | rement: ter, Area /olume |
| Spring | Number - Fractions | | | | | N | umber- De Percer | | nd | | Multiplic: Division Algebra a | |
| Summer | | rement: ing Units | Geometry: Position and Direction | Geomet | try: Proper Shape | ties of | | Inv | vestigatio | ns | | Consolidation |

| Dates: | Literacy | Maths | ICT | Art/DT | PSHE/RE/P4C | Geography/His tory | PE |
|------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|
| Week 1: | Week 1: Mock SATS | Week 1: | LO: Y1 To use a device to | LO: To use ideas of | To give reasons for their | -To show an | Dance: |
| 25/2/19 | | Y1: To recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. | take a picture to record their work. To talk about | famous artists to create pieces. | beliefs and opinions. | understanding of monarchy. | Tudor/count ry dance |
| Week 2: | Week 2: Writing a letter to the queen | Solve one-step problems involving | images they have taken and tools used. | <u>Skills:</u> | | | |
| 4/3/19 | Questions | multiplication and division by calc the answer using objects and pictorial reps. | Yr2: To develop a variety of skills using a range of | To colour own work neatly following the | To explore the concept of democracy and | -Show an understanding of | |
| | Hot seating | Y2: Recognise and use symbols for ${\tt \pounds}$ and p. | tools and techniques to | lines. | fairness. | the concept of nation and a | |
| Week 3: | Writing questions for the queen. | Combine amounts to make a particular value. | communicate a specific idea or effect. | To show different tones by using | | nation's history. | |
| 11/3/19 | Good/bad letters - features | Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amount of money. | Y1: Use a paint package to | coloured pencils. To show pattern and | To discuss peaceful | -Label time lines with words or phrases such as: | |
| Week 4: | | Solve simple problems in a practical context of involving addition and subtraction of money of the second s | Solve simple problems in a practical context create a picture using a | texture by adding dots and lines. | ways to solve problems. | past, present, older and newer | |
| 18/3/19 | Week 3: | Week 2: | Y2: Develop their skills | LO: To use a | RE | Describe | |
| | Addresses and proper nouns | Y1: LA Count in 2s | using tools to communicate ideas. | combination of shapes. To use | | -Describe significant people | |
| Week 5: | Paragraphs | LA Count in 10s. | | repeating or | Why was Jesus welcomed like a King or | from the past. | |
| 25/3/19 | Draft | Tens and units. | | overlapping shapes. | celebrity by he crowds | -Recognise that there are reasons | |
| | Neat | Y2: Recognise odd and even numbers | <u>Υ</u> τ 1: To animate an image. | | on Palm Sunday? | why people in the past acted as they | |
| 14 / I- A- | | Count in stens of 3 from 0 | To explore shape, line and | | Should people follow | did | |

Place Value and base 10 number system

Understanding Place Value is key to understanding maths

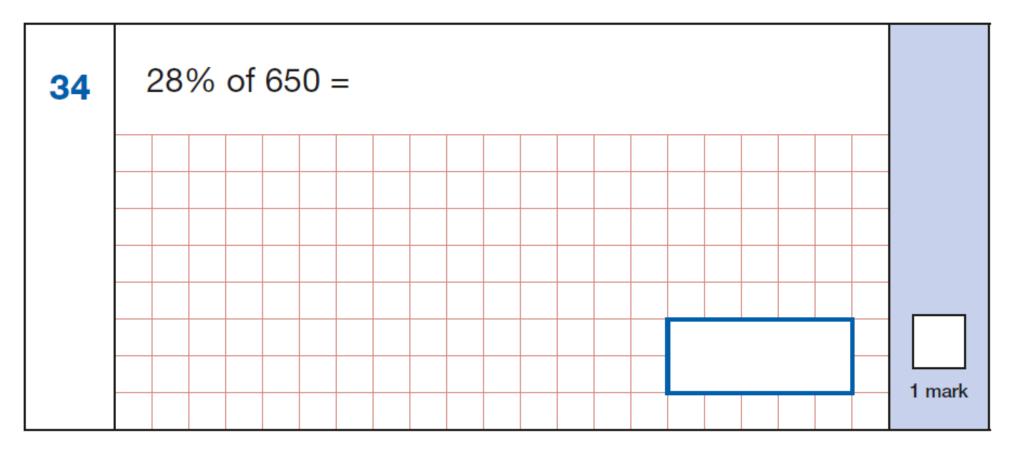


On your white boards

How would you do?

►25x19 ▶ 5% of 860 >248-99 ▶103-98 ▶1⁄2 of 378 >1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11=

How about

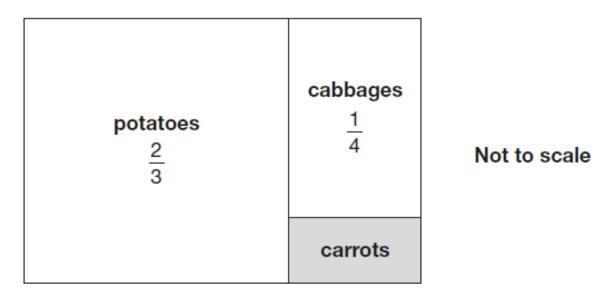


or

18

This is a diagram of a vegetable garden.

It shows the fractions of the garden planted with potatoes and cabbages.



The remaining area is planted with carrots.

What fraction of the garden is planted with carrots?

Our calculation methods

Are developed on a step by step basis

- Are taught when the children are ready to understand them
- Refer to the inverse operation as appropriate
- Can be adapted to cater for different circumstances

School Website Link to Calculation Methods

Vocabulary

Use the correct terms as appropriate

- Try and avoid vocabulary misconceptions, e.g. 'sums'
- Use as many different terms for things as possible
- Use a maths dictionary (online or paper)

Classic misconceptions

Four hundred and eight is written as 4008

There are no numbers between 2.2 and 2.3

0.625 > 0.9

0.4 is smaller than 0.400

2.1 hours = 2 hours 10 minutes

Shapes with bigger areas have bigger perimeters

Using technology









Maths Apps Link

SATS! (Statutory Assessment Tests)

- Children sit national tests at the end of Year 2 and Year 6
- KS1 The tests are a tool for teachers to help them measure your child's performance and identify their needs as they move into key stage 2. They also allow teachers to see how your child is performing against national expected standards. Take place during May.
- KS2 The tests help measure the progress pupils have made and identify if they need additional support in a certain area. The tests are also used to assess schools' performance and to produce national performance data. The tests help measure the progress pupils have made and identify if they need additional support in a certain area. The tests are also used to assess schools' performance and to produce national performance data. Take place on set dates across the country
- https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/key-stage-1-and-2national-curriculum-tests-information-for-parents

Things to do at home

- Have a positive attitude to maths yourself don't panic!
- Have a growth mindset getting things wrong is a learning opportunity!
- Get to know the way maths is taught in school if you are not sure about something, please ask us
- Build maths into everyday activities which are fun!
- Provide encouragement and support

- Play games (board games, card games)
- Do some cooking (weigh ingredients, calculate cooking time, what if? scenarios)
- Go shopping (with real money!)
- Teach your child to tell the time using an analogue clock as this is still in the curriculum
- Help your child to memorise key facts e.g. Times Tables, measurements, days of the week, number bonds etc.
- Talk to your children about maths in everyday situations

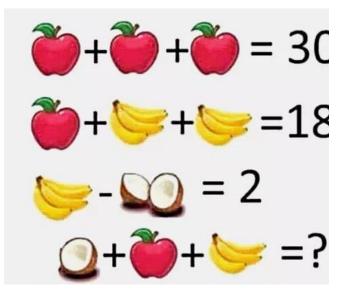






12345 6 7 8 9











More complex challenges

- Work out real life problems together, e.g. how much carpet is needed for a room in your house.
- Use an atlas to plan a round-the-World trip; cost, distance, time etc.
- Work out % discounts and assess discount offers - which deal is best?
- Ask them to write maths problems for you!

Thank you for listening

Any questions?

Contact us at admin@woodley-pri.wokingham.sch.uk

A final thought

MATHEMATICS is not about numbers, equations, computations, or algorithms: it is about UNDERSTANDING.

William Paul Thurston