Curriculum Progression - WCofE Primary School



Milestone 0 - EYFS

Three & Four-Year-Olds

Reception

ELG (Early Learning Goal)

Communication and Language

 Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

 Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.

Understanding the World

- Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials.
- Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.
- Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.
- Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history.
- Explore how things work.
- Plant seeds and care for growing plants
- Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.
- Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.
- Explore and talk about different forces they can
- Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.

Communication and Language

- Learn new vocabulary.
- Ask questions to find out more and to check what has been said to them.
- Articulate their ideas and thoughts in wellformed sentences.
- · Describe eventsin some detail.
- Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.

Use new vocabulary in different contexts.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

- •Know and talk about the different factorsthat support their overall health and wellbeing:
- -regular physical activity
- -healthy eating
- -toothbrushing
- -sensible amounts of 'screen time' -having a good sleep routine
- being a safe pedestrian.

Understanding the World

- Explore the natural world around them.
- Describe what they see, hear and feel while they are outside.
- Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.
 Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.

Communication and Language (Listening & Attention)

 Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Managing Self)

 Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Understanding the World (The Natural World)

- •Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.



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Threshold Concept - 1.) Work Scientifically Milestone 1 Milestone 3 Milestone 2 Y1 & Y2 Y5 & Y6 **Y3 & Y4** · Ask relevant questions. · Plan enquiries, including recognising and · Set up simple, practical enquiries and controlling variables where necessary. comparative and fair tests. · Use appropriate techniques, apparatus, and Make accurate measurements using standard materials during fieldwork and laboratory work. units, using a range of equipment, e.g. Take measurements, using a range of scientific thermometers and data loggers. Ask simple questions. equipment, with increasing accuracy and · Gather, record, classify and present data in a · Observe closely, using simple precision. variety of ways to help in answering questions. · Record data and results of increasing complexity equipment. · Record findings using simple scientific language. · Perform simple tests using scientific diagrams and labels, classification drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts and · Identify and classify. keys, tables, bar and line graphs, and models. · Use observations and ideas to · Report findings from enquiries, including oral and · Report on findings from enquiries, including oral suggest answers to questions. written explanations of results, explanations and written explanations, displays or presentations · Gather and record data to help involving causal relationships, and conclusions. of results and conclusions. in answering questions. · Present findings in written form, displays and · Use results to draw simple conclusions and other presentations. suggest improvements, new questions and · Use test results to make predictions to set up predictions for setting up further tests. further comparative and fair tests. · Identify differences, similarities or changes · Use simple models to describe scientific ideas, related to simple, scientific ideas and processes. identifying scientific evidence that has been used · Use straightforward, scientific evidence to to support or refute ideas or arguments. answer questions or to support their findings.

Threshold Concept - 2.) Biology **Understand Plants** Milestone 1 Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Y5 & Y6 Y1 & Y2 Y3 & Y4 · Identify and name a variety of common · Identify and describe the functions of different plants, including garden plants, wild plants parts of flowering plants: roots, stem, leaves and trees and those classified as deciduous and evergreen. · Explore the requirements of plants for life and · Identify and describe the basic structure growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and · Relate knowledge of plants to studies of of a variety of common flowering plants, room to grow) and how they vary from plant to evolution and inheritance. including roots, stem/trunk, leaves and Relate knowledge of plants to studies of all flowers. · Investigate the way in which water is living things. · Observe and describe how seeds and transported within plants. bulbs grow into mature plants. · Explore the role of flowers in the life cycle of Find out and describe how plants need flowering plants, including pollination, seed water, light and a suitable temperature to formation and seed dispersal. grow and stay healthy.



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Understand Animals & Humans



Milestone 1 Y1 & Y2

Milestone 2 Y3 & Y4

Milestone 3 Y5 & Y6

- Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates.
- · Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.
- · Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates, including pets).
- · Identify name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.
- · Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.
- · Investigate and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food
- · Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene.

- Please · Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amounts of nutrition, that they cannot make their own food and they get nutrition from what they eat.
- · Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators
- Identify that humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.
- · Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans
- · Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.

- · Describe the changes as humans develop to old age.
- · Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood.
- · Recognise the importance of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way the human body functions.
- · Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.

Investigate Living Things





Milestone 1 Y1 & Y2

Milestone 2 Y3 & Y4

Milestone 3 Y5 & Y6

- · Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, that are dead and that have never been alive.
- · Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants and how they depend on each other.
- · Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats.
- · Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.
- · Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways.
- Explore and use classification keys.
- Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to specific habitats
- · Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.
- · Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and
- · Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics.
- · Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.



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Understand Evolution & Inheritance Milestone 1 Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Y1 & Y2 Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6 · Recognise that living things have · Identify how plants and animals, including changed over time and that fossils provide humans, resemble their parents in many information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Recognise that living things have changed Recognise that living things produce over time and that fossils provide information offspring of the same kind, but normally · Identify how humans resemble their about living things that inhabited the Earth offspring vary and are not identical to their parents in many features. millions of years ago. · Identify how animals and plants are suited to · Identify how animals and plants are and adapt to their environment in different adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may ways. lead to evolution.

Threshold Concept - 3.) Chemistry



Investigate Materials

Milestone 1 Y1 & Y2 Milestone 2

Milestone 3

- Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.
- Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock.
- Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.
- Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.
- Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.
- Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick/rock, and paper/cardboard for particular uses.

Rocks and Soils

- Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their simple, physical properties.
- Relate the simple physical properties of some rocks to their formation (igneous or sedimentary).
- Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within sedimentary rock.
- Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

States of Matter

- Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases.
- Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C), building on their teaching in mathematics.
- Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.

- Compare and group together everyday materials based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, including their hardness, solubility, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets.
- Understand how some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.
- Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating.
- Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic.
- Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes.
- Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning, oxidisation and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.



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Threshold Concept - 4.) Physics **Understand Movement, Forces & Magnets** Milestone 1 Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Y1 & Y2 Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6 Magnets Describe magnets as having two poles. Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles · Compare how things move on different are facing. · Notice that some forces need contact **Forces** between two objects, but magnetic forces can · Explain that unsupported objects fall act at a distance. towards the Earth because of the force of Observe how magnets attract or repel each gravity acting between the Earth and the other and attract some materials and not · Notice and describe how things move, falling object. using simple comparisons such as faster others. · Identify the effect of drag forces, such as · Compare and group together a variety of and slower. air resistance, water resistance and friction Compare how different things move. everyday materials on the basis of whether that act between moving surfaces. they are attracted to a magnet, and identify · Describe, in terms of drag forces, why some magnetic materials. moving objects that are not driven tend to · Describe magnets as having two poles. slow down. · Predict whether two magnets will attract or · Understand that force and motion can be repel each other, depending on which poles transferred through mechanical devices are facing. such as gears, pulleys, levers and springs. Understand that some mechanisms including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.

Understand Light & Seeing Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Milestone 1 Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6 Y1 & Y2 · Understand that light appears to travel in straight lines. Recognise that they need light in order to · Use the idea that light travels in straight see things and that dark is the absence of lines to explain that objects are seen light. because they give out or reflect light into · Notice that light is reflected from surfaces. · Recognise that light from the sun can be · Observe and name a variety of sources of · Use the idea that light travels in straight dangerous and that there are ways to protect light, including electric lights, flames and the lines to explain why shadows have the Sun, explaining that we see things because same shape as the objects that cast them, Recognise that shadows are formed when light travels from them to our eyes. and to predict the size of shadows when the light from a light source is blocked by a the position of the light source changes. solid object. · Explain that we see things because light · Find patterns in the way that the size of travels from light sources to our eyes or shadows change. from light sources to objects and then to our eyes.



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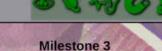
Investigate Sound & Hearing Milestone 1 Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Y1 & Y2 Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6 · Find patterns between the pitch of a sound · Identify how sounds are made, associating and features of the object that produced it. some of them with something vibrating. · Find patterns between the volume of a Observe and name a variety of sources of sound, noticing that we hear with our · Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel sound and the strength of the vibrations that through a medium to the ear. produced it. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. **Understand Electrical Circuits** Milestone 1 Milestone 2 Milestone 3 Y1 & Y2 Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6

- Identify common appliances that run on electricity.
- · Construct a simple series electrical circuit.
- Identify common appliances that run on electricity.
- Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers
- Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is
- part of a complete loop with a battery.
- Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.
- Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.

- Associate the brightness of a lamp or the
- volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.

 Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the
- in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.
- Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.

Understand the Earth's Movement in Space



Milestone 1 Y1 & Y2

- Milestone 2
 - Y3 & Y4 Y5 & Y6

- Observe the apparent movement of the Sun during the day.
- · Observe changes across the four seasons.
- Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.
- Describe the movement of the Earth relative to the Sun in the solar system.
- Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth.
- Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system.
- Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth.
- Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies.
- Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.

